

Spiele und Lieder (Games and songs)

6. How many...?

Prior Knowledge: It is helpful if the children can recall some numbers 1 – 12.

Objectives

Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly

Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, such as (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; **key features and patterns of the language**; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words

Engage in conversations; **ask and answer questions**; express opinions and respond to those of others; **seek clarification and help**

Support

Children who are not ready to give a verbal response, could do a mime or hold up a digit card.

Give individual text cards to children needing extra support.

Some children may not be ready to write numbers 1-12 and can be asked to write numbers 1-6.

Children who are not ready to write from memory could be given labels to stick to pictures for the number frieze activity.

Extension

Give children the opportunity to use numbers to 12 in the number frieze and write in full sentences e.g. *Es gibt acht Schweine*.

Main

Play 'zwölf' from Session 5 to practise numbers 1 – 12.

Ask children, in pairs, to write the numbers words from 1-12 from memory on a whiteboard. Then display the words on the board and ask children to check their spelling.

Sing *Onkel Tom* from Session 1. Show visuals of the animals from the song and the words for the animals. Ask children to match the written word to the correct picture.

Show visuals of multiple animals from the song e.g. 3 dogs, 4 pigs, 2 sheep, 5 (different) animals. Play *Richtig oder falsch?* by making a statement e.g. *Es gibt drei Hunde* and asking children to hold their thumbs up or down to show whether the statement is correct.

Ask *Wie viele Schweine (gibt es) ...?* Encourage children to reply with a full sentence e.g. *Es gibt vier Schweine*. Remind children that if they don't understand the question the first time, they can say *Wiederholen Sie, bitte* or *noch mal, bitte*. Write the correct answers on the board and ask children what they notice about the written plurals and the pronunciation (all the plurals in these examples end in e which is heard when the word is said).

Invite children to practise the question *Wie viele ...?* by listening and repeating in different tones of voice.

ICT Opportunities: Create a multimedia presentation to practise the question *Wie viele (gibt es) ...?*

In pairs using whiteboards, children play a guessing game where they pick an animal e.g. *Schaf* and then draw a certain number of these on their whiteboard. They ask their partner *Wie viele Schafe?* If their partner guesses correctly they get a point.

Give each child a piece of A4 paper divided in to either 4 or 8 sections. Ask children to create a number frieze for numbers 1-4 or 1-8 for display by drawing animals from *Onkel Tom* and writing e.g. *zwei Hunde, drei Schafe, vier Schweine* etc. Children should produce a first draft writing from memory. They can then check their work using a reference sheet or by looking at the board to create a final version for display. Children could also use *Ziegen* (goats) from session 3.

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<p>Grammar</p> <p><u>For teachers:</u></p> <p>Using question forms: <i>Wie viele ...?</i></p> <p>Plural of nouns – most of the nouns in these examples simply add <i>e</i> to form the plural (<i>Schafe, Schweine, Tiere, Hunde</i>). <i>Ziege</i> (goat), however, adds <i>-n</i> (<i>Ziegen</i>).</p>	<p>Grammar</p> <p><u>For children:</u></p> <p>Using question forms: <i>Wie viele ...?</i></p> <p>Plural of nouns</p>	<p>Phonics focus</p> <p><u>For teachers :</u></p> <p>w – <i>wie, zwölf</i></p> <p>v – <i>viele, vier</i></p>	<p>Phonics focus</p> <p><u>For children :</u></p> <p>e at the end of a word – <i>Schafe, Schweine, Tiere, Hunde</i></p>

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<u>Learning Outcomes</u> Children can: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> pronounce numbers 1-12 with increasing accuracy answer simple questions recognise some familiar words when they see them written write some familiar words from memory 		<u>New National Curriculum Links</u> No specific links	
<u>Throughout the week:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Play the German playground games at break time. Find out about playground games played in other countries by researching on the internet or inviting foreign language assistants or speakers of other languages into the classroom. (See Teaching Tips) 		<u>Resources</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flashcards or multimedia presentation for popular playground games Mini whiteboards <i>Onkel Tom</i> song, visuals of animals and word cards of animals A4 paper Computer Interactive whiteboard 	
<u>Teaching Tips</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using actions and rhymes and playing games may aid memorisation Other popular playground games in Germany are <i>Fußball</i> (football), <i>Seilspringen</i> (skipping), <i>Fangen</i> (catch), <i>Verstecken</i> (hide and seek) and <i>Scoubidou</i> (Scoubidou). 			
<i>Wortschatz für Lehrer</i>	Teacher Language	<i>Wortschatz für Kinder</i>	Children's Language
<i>Richtig oder falsch?</i> <i>Schaut !</i> <i>Hört zu !</i> <i>Wiederholt !</i> <i>Antwortet !</i> <i>Zeichnet !</i> <i>Wie viele ... ?</i> <i>Wie viele (Schafe) gibt es?</i>	True or false? Look Listen Repeat Answer Draw How many ...? How many (sheep) are there?	<i>Richtig</i> <i>Falsch</i> <i>Wiederholen Sie, bitte</i> <i>Noch mal, bitte</i> <i>Wie viele ... ?</i> <i>Es gibt ...</i> <i>Die Zahlen 1-12</i> <i>1 eins</i>	True False Repeat, please Once again, please How many ...? There is / are ... Numbers 1-10 1 one

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Die Zahlen 1-12 1 eins 2 zwei 3 drei 4 vier 5 fünf 6 sechs 7 sieben 8 acht 9 neun 10 zehn 11 elf 12 zwölf Die Tiere : Schaf (e) Schwein (e) Tier (e) Hund (e) Ziege (n)	Numbers 1-10 1 one 2 two 3 three 4 four 5 five 6 six 7 seven 8 eight 9 nine 10 ten 11 eleven 12 twelve The animals: sheep pig (s) animal (s) dog (s) goat (s)	2 zwei 3 drei 4 vier 5 fünf 6 sechs 7 sieben 8 acht 9 neun 10 zehn 11 elf 12 zwölf Die Tiere : Schaf (e) Schwein (e) Tier (e) Hund (e) Ziege (n)	2 two 3 three 4 four 5 five 6 six 7 seven 8 eight 9 nine 10 ten 11 eleven 12 twelve The animals: sheep pig (s) animal (s) dog (s) goat (s)
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End of Unit activities

Learning Objectives	Teaching Activities	Learning Outcomes	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To apply the knowledge, skills and understanding in this unit 	<p>Create a labelled display of playground games. Include information from a partner school abroad.</p> <p>Children perform or teach a playground game or 'counting out' game in assembly.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use German for real purposes to communicate information 	<p>Children can use ICT to record, display and if appropriate, send information. Hand-held video cameras will record the games and can be used to record children's achievements, as well as to share with a partner school abroad.</p> <p>Make a digital book of classroom games and rhymes with text and video and audio files. Make a bilingual book of rhymes to share with a partner school abroad and also, with other classes in the school.</p> <p>Explore website to create a class bank of songs from around the world. Invite parents to share and record songs in their home language.</p>